

Public Announcement Logic with Distributed Knowledge

Corrections and improvements

March 25, 2018

The model \mathfrak{M} in the proof of Theorem 1 is not what we want. We need a model which is bisimilar to \mathfrak{N} , so as to be indistinguishable from \mathfrak{N} . We can change \mathfrak{M} to be the following:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} l^{\neg p} & \xrightarrow{b} & m^{\neg p} \\ a \downarrow & & \downarrow a \\ m^p & \xrightarrow{b} & n^{\neg p} \end{array}$$

Many of such problems are fixed in the journal version [1].

References

- [1] Yi N. Wáng and Thomas Ågotnes. Public announcement logic with distributed knowledge: Expressivity, completeness and complexity. *Synthese*, 190(1 suppl.):135–162, 2013.